	FY202 Year	-		2023								LVONOO DAALIIAA	
			V	'ear			* (New business se		FY202 ^a Year	'			Sales reached a record high due to the effect of the weaker yen, while operating income declined only slightly.
		D-4:-		г	D - 4: -	VOV			l r	D-4:-	V0V	① Summary of business results [EN Business]	s by segment Sales and income increased.
	Results	Ratio	Result	ts	Ratio	YOY	Results	Ratio	Forecasts	Ratio	YOY		Sales increased due to a recovery in automobile production backed by the easing of shortages in the supply of parts, including semiconductors.
	Bln. yen		E	Bln. yen			Bln. yen		Bln. yen				increased demand due to stricter exhaust gas regulations, and the weaker yen.
Net Sales	559	100%	575	579	100%	+4%	579	100%	620	100%	+7%		Although increased costs from inflation, income increased due to the positive effects of increased demand and the weaker yen.
													Sales decreased; income decreased significantly
<overseas sales=""></overseas>	<430>	77%		<446>	77%	+4%	<446>	77%	<480>	77%	+8%		Sales and income declined due to continued stagnation in demand resulting from a reduction in investment in manufacturing equipment by semiconductor manufacturers following the deterioration of semiconductor market.
												1	Sales and income fell as demand decreased due to sluggish smartphone sales and reduced data center investment.
Operating Income	67		62	66		-1%	66		75		+13%	[E&I Business]	Sales increased, moving into the black.
(%)	(12%)			(11%)			(11%)		(12%)			·Energy Storage	Although inquiries centering on overseas projects were brisk, sales and income declined due to delays in shipping the products for the project
Environment Business	321	57%	351	362	63%	+13%	391	67%	394	64%	+1%		Sales and income increased due to demand associated with the power transmission and distribution network expansion plan in the U.S.,
("EN"Business)													as well as sales price revisions. Sales were at the same level as the previous year, but income decreased due to delays in the shipment of Industrial heating systems for
Operating Income	51		60	64		+25%	65		68		+5%		Lithium-ion battery cathode materials, as well as decreased demand for refractory products for electronic components.
(%)	(16%)			(18%)			(17%)		(17%)			② Exchange Rate Effects	Sales increased 21.2 billion yen and operating income increased 5.4 billion yen year on year
Digital Society Business	163	29%	140	138	24%	-15%	138	24%	159	26%	+15%		(135 yen/ USD and 141 yen/ Euro in FY2022. 144 yen/ USD and 157 yen/ Euro in FY2023.)
("DS"Business)	100								100			3 Extraordinary Loss	Impairment losses were recorded for the package business and others whose revenues declined due to lower demand (7 billion yen)
Operating Income	18		2	2		-87%	2		6		+163%	SPE relatedProducts for ser	miconductor manufacturing equipment
(%)	(11%)			(2%)			(2%)		(4%)				
Energy & Industry Business	75	13%	84	79	14%	十5%	50	9%	67	11%	+34%		Sales and income will increase due to the recovery of demand in the DS Business in the second half of the year
("E&I"Business)	75	15/0	04	19	17/0	1 0/0	30	3/0	07	1170	1 34/0	① Summary of forecasts by se 【EN Business】	egment Increases in sales and income
Operating Income	(2)		0	1			(0)		1				Demand is generally at the same level as last year. Income will increase due to cost reductions.
(%)	(-)			(1%)			(-)		(1%)			·Industrial Processes	Despite an increase in sales due to the delay in the shipment of industrial heating systems for lithium-ion battery cathode materials that has
•													continued from the previous year, income will remain at the same level as the previous period.
		Ratio		Γ	Ratio	YOY			[Ratio	YOY		Increases in sales and income
								ı					With the semiconductor supply-demand balance improving, capital investment by device manufacturers is expected to recover slowly from the second half, resulting in increased sales and income.
Ordinary Income	66	12%	58	63	11%	-4%			71	11%	+13%	1	Expecting a gradual recovery in market conditions, sales will increase year on year. Income is expected to decline due to the significant
Net Income Attributable													start-up costs to enhance production capacity for Active Metal Brazing (AMB) and Direct Copper Bonding(DCB) Substrates Business.
to Owners of the Parent	55	10%	39	41	7%	-26%			53	9%	+31%	1 - • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Increases in sales and income
ROE	9.0%			6.1%					7	'.5%		, ,,	In spite of a sales increase due to the shipment of products for overseas projects, the deficit will persist due to increased expenses. Sales and income will increase due to continued solid U.S. demand and increased demand in other regions.
													Sales and income will increase due to continued solid 0.5. definand and increased definand in other regions.
EPS	177.47y	/en]	133.65y	en/en				1//.	90yer	า	② Exchange Rate Effects •Year-on-year	Sales to increase 0.2 billion yen and operating income to increase 2.4 billion yen year on year
Dividend per share and Dividend Payout Ratio	66yen, 3	7.2%	50	Oyen, 3	7.4%				60yer	n, 33.7	7%		(144 yen/ USD and 157 yen/ Euro in FY2023. 145 yen/ USD and 155 yen/ Euro in FY2024.)
Dividend Layout Natio												, ,	in exchange rates per year
Foreign Exchange Rate (Yen/USD)	135			144						145		1	USD: Sales 1.4 billion yen and operating income 0.6 billion yen Euro: Sales 0.7 billion yen and operating income 0.1 billion yen
Foreign Exchange Rate (Yen/Euro)	141			157						155			Industrial Process was transferred from Energy & Industry Business to the Environment Business.
Т			<u> </u>	Т	П			ı		ı		1	Manufacturing technology of catalyst converters and filters cultivated through ceramics for automobile exhaust gas purification
Capital Expenditures	44	8%		47	8%	+8%			68	11%	+44%		and Industrial process for engineering will be integrated into the Environment Business. We aim to accelerate technological development
Depreciation Costs	54	10%		57	10%	+6%			57	9%	+0%		in the carbon neutral and bio fields to achieve business transformation and profit growth by expanding synergies.
•	26			32	5%	+21%			31	5%	-2%	Dividend Forecast	An interim dividend of 30 yen, a year-end dividend of 30 yen (planned),

^{*}The business segments have been changed from the beginning of FY2024.

As a result of this change, the operating results for FY2023 have been rearranged and presented using the same segment classification. The Industrial Process Business was transferred from the Energy & Industry Division ("E&I Division") to the Environment Division ("EN Division").

[After inter-segment elimination]

CARCOL MICOL SOGMOTIC CHIMINACI	FY202	2	FY202		FY202	3	FY202			
	1st hal	f	1st hal	f	* (New I	business s	egments)	1st hal	f	YOY
	Results	Ratio	Results	Ratio	Re	sults	Ratio	Forecasts	Ratio	
	Bln. yen		Bln. yen			Bln. yen		Bln. yen		
Net Sales	275	100%	283	100%		283	100%	295	100%	+4%
<overseas sales=""></overseas>	<211>	77%	<221>	78%		<221>	78%	<230>	78%	+4%
Operating Income	39		32			32		30		-8%
(%)	(14%)		(11%)			(11%)		(10%)		
Environment Business ("EN"Business)	153	56%	180	64%		193	68%	195	66%	+1%
Operating Income	26		32			32		32		-2%
(%)	(17%)		(18%)			(17%)		(16%)		
Digital Society Business ("DS"Business)	88	32%	66	23%		66	23%	73	25%	+11%
Operating Income	14		1			1		0		_
(%)	(16%)		(1%)			(1%)		(0%)		
Energy & Industry Business ("E&I"Business)	33	12%	37	13%		24	8%	27	9%	+15%
Operating Income	(1)		(1)			(1)		(2)		_
(%)	(-)		(-)			(-)		(-)		

		Ratio		Ratio
Ordinary Income	35	13%	29	10%
Net Income Attributable to Owners of the Parent	27	10%	18	6%
Foreign Exchange Rate (Yen/USD)	133		141	
Foreign Exchange Rate (Yen/Euro)	139		154	
Capital Expenditures	20	7%	23	8%
Depreciation Costs	27	10%	28	10%
R&D Expenses	12	4%	15	5%

^{*}The business segments have been changed from the beginning of FY2024.

As a result of this change, the operating results for FY2023 have been rearranged and presented using the same segment classification. The Industrial Process Business was transferred from the Energy & Industry Division ("E&I Division") to the Environment Division ("EN Division").